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KEY STAGE

TIER **6–8**

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Year 9 mathematics test

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Paper 1 Calculator not allowed

First name		
Last name		
Class		
Date		

Please read this page, but do not open your booklet until your teacher tells you to start. Write your name, the name of your class and the date in the spaces above.

Remember:

- The test is 1 hour long.
- You **must not** use a calculator for any question in this test.
- You will need: pen, pencil, rubber and a ruler.
- Some formulae you might need are on page 2.
- This test starts with easier questions.
- Try to answer all the questions.
- Write all your answers and working on the test paper do not use any rough paper. Marks may be awarded for working.
- Check your work carefully.
- Ask your teacher if you are not sure what to do.

For marking use only

Total marks

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Instructions Answers This means write down your answer or show your working and write down your answer. Calculators You must not use a calculator to answer any question in this test.

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1. Look at the equation.

14*n* = 98

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(a) Work out the value of **140***n*

(b) Work out the value of 14(n + 1)

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4. (a) Look at this information.



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Give an example of what the value of *x* could be.

Give a **different** example of what the value of *x* could be.

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(b) Now look at this information.

 $2y + 3 \le 11$

What is the **largest** value that *y* could be?

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5. Each year a song contest is held in Europe.

The country with the greatest number of points wins.

The scatter graphs show information about the contest in 2007.

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6. The table shows information about a **pentagonal** prism.

	Pentagonal prism
Number of vertices	10
Number of rectangular faces	5
Total number of faces	7

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(a) Complete the table to show information about a **triangular** prism.

	Triangular prism
Number of vertices	J.
Number of rectangular faces	
Total number of faces	N

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(b) Complete the table.

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Number of vertices12Number of rectangular faces6Total number of faces810		1 prism	n prism	
Number of rectangular faces6Total number of faces810	Number of vertices	12	Ø	
Total number of faces810	Number of rectangular faces	6	<i>N</i>	_
	Total number of faces	8	10	_

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- 9. Jerry has a bag of counters.Inside his bag are
 - 2 blue,
 - 4 green,
 - 5 red, and
 - 9 yellow counters



Jerry is going to take a counter at random from his bag.

Write the correct **colours** to complete these sentences.

The probability that it will be _____ is 0.2

The probability that it will **not** be _____ is $\frac{3}{4}$

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The probability that it will be _____ or ____ is 70% _____

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10. You can work out the approximate age of a tree if you know its diameter.

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The graph shows information about three types of trees.

Diameter of the tree (inches)

An American beech, a silver maple and a white oak all have the same diameter.

Complete these sentences.

The age of the American beech is about _____ times the _____ age of the silver maple.

The age of the American beech is about _____ times the age of the white oak.

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11. (a) Eight small cubes of side length 1 cm are used to make a larger cube.



Complete the table to show the information for the larger cube.

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	Larger cube	
N	Volume	
	Surface area	
	Total length of its edges	

(b) One of the small cubes is removed to make this new shape.



Tick (\checkmark) the correct box in each row below.

	Has increased	Has stayed the same	Has decreased
Volume			
Surface area			
Total length of its edges			

2 marks

2 marks

1 mark

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Thinking difference

(y + 3) is always **5 more** than (y - 2)so (y + 3) - (y - 2) = 5

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Complete the following.

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$$(y+4) - (y-3) =$$

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13. (a) The graph shows two straight lines, A and B.

The equations of the lines are y = 3x + 2 and y = 3(x + 2)

Tick (\checkmark) the equation for line A.

y =
$$3x + 2$$
 y = $3(x + 2)$

Explain how you know.

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(b) Draw the straight lines with equations y = 2x + 2 and y = 2(x + 2) on the graph below.

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2 marks

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Powers of 2	Powe	ers of 3	Powers of 4
2		3	4
4		9	16
8		27	64
16		81	256
32	2	243	1024
64	7	'29	4096
128	21	87	16384

14. Here are the first seven terms in three number sequences.

Use the number sequences to work out the answers.



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2 marks

1 mark

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15. (a) Multiply out the brackets, then write this expression as simply as possible.

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$$x(5-x) + 4(x^2 + 1)$$

Factorise this expression. (b)



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16.	Write the	missing	fractions.
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The first one is done for you, with diagrams to help.

For any number, x

Add half the number

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Then subtract one third of the result.

The answer is *x*

For any number, *y*

Add one third of the number

Then subtract _____ of the result.

The answer is *y*

For any number, t

Add two thirds of the number

Then subtract of the result.

The answer is *t*

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17. (a) Here are the equations of four straight lines.



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The intersections of these straight lines form the vertices of a rectangle.

What is the perimeter of this rectangle?

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(b) The diagonals of the rectangle have these equations:

y = 4x - 10y = -4x + 18

Find where these lines intersect.



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18. Sam has two fair, six-sided dice. Both dice are numbered 1 to 6He is going to throw the dice and add the scores.

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(a) What is the probability that Sam will throw a total of 12?

(b) The chart shows the probability of different totals.Write in the missing **fractions** to complete the diagram.



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(c) Lisa also has two fair dice but hers are **four-sided**.She is going to throw her dice and **add** the scores.

The chart shows the probability of different totals.



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The same numbers are on both dice. What are the numbers?

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19. A bag contains coloured beads.

The table shows numbers and fractions of each colour.

Write the missing numbers and fractions in the table.

Colour	Number of beads	Fraction
Blue	12	
Red		<u>1</u> 12
Green	4	
Other		$\frac{1}{4}$

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20. Look at the expressions in the shaded boxes.

Draw lines to match them to the expressions on the right.



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- 21. A teacher has a set of ten cards numbered 1 to 10She takes one of the cards at random but does not show it to the class.
 - (a) The teacher says:

The number on this card is an **odd** number.

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What is the probability that the number is also a square number?

(b) The teacher puts the card back, then again takes a card at random.She says:

The number on this card is a **square** number.

What is the probability that the number is also an **odd** number?

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- 22. This question is about right-angled triangles. None of the diagrams are drawn accurately.
 - The height of each triangle below is 2cm. (a)



Which two of these triangles are similar?



Triangles P and Q are similar to triangle F. (b)

Write the missing dimensions.



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23. Look at the right-angled triangle.
10 2 + y 10 y
(a) Use Pythagoras' theorem to complete the equation below.

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Ø $(2 + y)^2 =$ _____

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2 marks

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(b) Now work out the value of y

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 $y = _$

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END OF TEST



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